

EUMETSAT's Drought & Vegetation Data Cube

A prototype

Information Day: 11 May 2021

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Agenda D&V Cube Info Day

09:30 – 09:45: Welcome & Introduction

09:45 – 11:00: The Drought & Vegetation Data Cube: Introduction to the variables

(2m Temperature &) Solar Radiation (SIS, DNI, SDU) Precipitation Root Zone Soil Wetness ~10:15 break of 5 min Land Surface Temperature Vegetation Parameter (FVC, LAI, fAPAR) NDVI

Reference Evapotranspiration

10:45 – 11:15: COFFEE BREAK

11:15 – 11:45: Access to the Data Cube and CM SAF R Toolbox demonstration
11:45 – 12:15: Climatological drought monitoring in Switzerland using SAF satellite products
12:15 – 12:45: What now? – The Exploration Phase
12:45 – 13:00: Q & A and Feedback

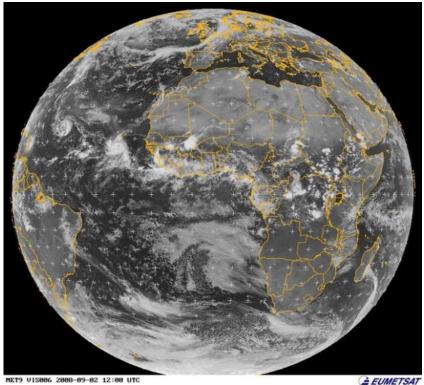
2m Air Temperature

- Temperature 2m above the ground
- From ERA-5 land re-analysis



Global Radiation

- Total amount of solar radiation reaching the Earth's surface
- can accurately be derived from satellite observations, because...
 - ... satellites can well detect
 clouds (= bright regions) during
 daytime
 - ... clear-sky solar radiative
 transfer is well simulated
 assuming auxiliary data (e.g., water
 vapor, aerosol) is available





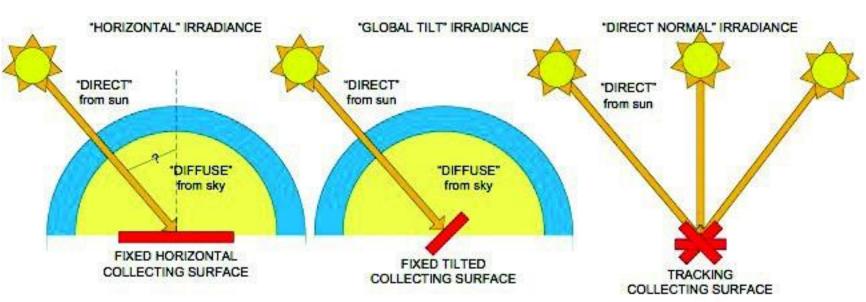
Courtesy: Jörg Trentmann, CM SAF / DWD



Solar Radiation Parameter

Global Radiation (SIS) Solar incoming radiation at Surface

Direct Normal Radiation (DNI) The fraction of Global Radiation that reaches the Earth's surface directly, without being scattered by particles or clouds



Sunshine Duration (SDU)

Sunny slots / all slots during daylight * daylength

Sunny slot: DNI > 120 Wm-2 Daylength: Sun Elevation Angle > 2.5°



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5 EUM/USC/VWG/21/1228253, v1 Draft, 11 May 2021

Questions??

